

SCHOOL OF MUSIC Presents

Sean Muller, Bass Trombone Syuzanna Kaszo, Piano

Saturday, April 6, 2024

5:00 pm

PepsiCo Auditorium

Program

Allegro Maestoso

Konzert für Posaune und Klavier

Jan Koetsier (1911)

Ernst Sachse (1813-1870) Arr. Martin Göss

Intermission

Concerto in One Movement

Alexander Lebedev (b. 1960) Arr. Allen Ostrander

Tommy Pederson (1920-1998)

Nicholas Shea, Trombone Anthony Tinsley, Trombone Nicholas Richa, Trombone Andon Morace, Trombone Apurva Mamidenna, Trombone Andrew Hildinger, Bass Trombone

Blue Topaz

Program Notes

Allegro Maestoso

Jan Koetsier was a Dutch composer and conductor born on August 14th, 1911 in Amsterdam. Koestier would receive his education from the Musikhochschule in Berlin. In 1950, he became the first Kapellmeister (Master of the Chapel Choir) for the Bavarian Radio Symphony Orchestra. As a composer, Koetsier wrote chamber music, orchestral works, choral works, and opera. From 1966 to 1976, he taught conducting at the Hochschule fur Musik und Theater Munchen. In 1992, the Jan Koetsier Foundation was established by an endowment from the composer. He would pass away on April 28th, 2006 in Munich.

Allegro Maestoso, being one of Koestier's most well known solo compositions, was written for bass trombone. The most notable feature of this piece is its constant change of time signature. The piece starts in a three-feel, transitioning to a two-feel, then going back and forth throughout the piece. This presents a challenge to the performer to consitently feel the time, allowing it to be known as well-known repertoire for bass trombones. The piece also pushes the limits of the bass trombonist, presenting high range notes and musical independence. When playing this piece, one should pay attention to the character shift within it. With the piece transitioning from full and bombastic to lyrical shows just how challenging this piece really is.

Konzert für Posaune und Klavier

Ernst Sachse

Ernst Sachse was a German composer, trumpeter, and music publisher born on January 25th, 1813, in Altenburg. While not much is known about the composer's life, he was known as a virtuosic trombonist and trumpeter. He was also an accomplished soloist who performed in many venues across Europe, as well as performing in many orchestras. He would perform in the orchestra that first performed *Lohengrin* by Richard Wagner. His best-known composition is the Concertino for tenor trombone and orchestra, as well as the arrangement of the same for bass trombone in F major. He would pass away on October 5th, 1870, in Weimar.

The piece, Konzert für Posaune und Klavier, was originally written for tenor trombone and wind orchestra. It would receive two different arrangements, one of these being by Martin Göss. This arrangement is considered as one of the many standard bass trombone repertoires. It is a Romantic styled piece first published in 1884. It features 3 sections: Allegro maestoso, Adagio, and Allegro moderato. These sections would be followed by two variations. The first section is triumphant with a hint of sweetness added to it. The second section would be lyrical. Finally, the third and shortest section would return to the triumphant nature that was present within the first section, followed by the two variations.

Jan Koetsier

Concerto in One Movement

Alexander Lebedev

Alexey Konstantinovich Lebedev was a Russian tuba player, composer, and teacher in the 20th century. While much is not known about his childhood, he would serve in the Russian army for a year in the 1940's. He would leave the army after being injured in the field of battle during what was presumed to be World War II. After he recovered, he would serve in a military band and later learn the tuba. He would also begin to learn music theory in music school. He would then graduate from Ippolitov-Ivanov Musical College and study composition. Lebedev would also go on to teach and play tuba at the Moscow State Conservatory for many years. He would continue to compose original works, transcribe, and arrange existing works for tuba.

His Concerto No. 1, better known as the Concerto in One Movement, condenses the usual three movement structure of a concerto into one movement. Despite its shortened form, Lebedev still implements sonata form features throughout the piece. It expresses soothing and mysterious melodical statements that are contrasted by technical and lyrical developments. This allows the performer to take many liberties in conveying the ideas and statements to the audience. Sadness, worry, hope, and triumph are all moods explored within this song-like piece.

It would be transcribed to bass trombone by then New York Philharmonic bass trombonist Allen Ostrander in the late 1950's. When Ostrander had originally prepared this edition, bass trombone skill was nowhere near the level as it was today. Technique was considered when he transcribed this work. He would also simplify several passages that were considered no serious challenge on the tuba but were difficult to perform on the bass trombone. Ostrander would also add some slide position and valving advice, as well as changing one note to avoid the dreaded "low B."

Blue Topaz

Tommy Pederson

Pullman Gerald "Tommy" Pederson was a twentieth century trombonist and composer born on August 15th, 1920 in Minnesota. At the age of 13, Pederson would begin to play the trombone. He would begin his musical career as a member of Orrin Tucker's touring band in 1940. In 1946, he would relocate to Los Angeles, continuing as a big band performer. Pederson would begin to do freelance work in 1948, continuing this line of work for over twenty years. Pederson would also begin to compose, creating works such as *Wines and Chimes, The Prince of Attica, She Has Gone,* and being a part of "Hoyt's Garage." Many would collaborate with Pederson during his time as a musician and composer. Pederson would pass away on January 16th, 1998.

Blue Topaz is one of Tommy Pederson's classic bass trombone "concertos." This work is a sextet, composing of six trombones with a solo bass trombone. The piece alternates between a dramatic fanfare and passages in jazz ballad style. The piece is often performed heavily stylized with jazz inflections. It is a beautiful work, and a gem to play and listen to.

This recital is given in partial fulfillment of the requirements for a Degree in Music Education. Sean Muller is a student of David Begnoche. The use of recording equipment or taking photographs is prohibited. Please silence all electronic devices including watches, pagers, and phones.